AIEE Energy Symposium on Current and Future Challenges to Energy Security



## STUDY OF IMPACT OF ECONOMIC AND POPULATION GROWTH ON ENERGY CONSUMPTION: A STATISTICAL APPROACH



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# Outline



- Study Objective.
- Methodology.
- Results.
- Conclusion & Recommendation.



## **Energy Consumption By Types**

#### World



- Total: 284 MMB/D
- CAGR: 1.7 % 🔶



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- Total: 42 MMB/D (15% of the world)
- CAGR: -0.6 % 🚽

## **EU Energy Consumption**

- EU Population 510 Million (7.1% of Global Population) 0.24% 📍
- EU Countries GDP 18.8 Trillion USD (22% of Global GDP) 1.8%
- EU Import 55% of its total Energy (mainly the fossil fuel).
- EU Energy Consumption represents 90% of Europe consumption.
- Three Countries (Germany-France-UK) Represent 40% of EU energy consumption



#### EU Energy Consumption



## **Study Objectives**

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- Investigate the impact of population and GDP growth on the energy consumption globally and in EU countries .
- Identify a statistical a correlation and Regression between the GDP, Population and Energy consumption.
- Suggest (based on the analysis) recommendations to sustain secure supply of energy for EU countries in the future

## Methodology



### Multiple linear regression:

• Statistical technique to model the relationship between two or more independent variables and a dependent variable

• Equation 
$$\rightarrow$$
  $y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i1} + \beta_2 x_{i2}$ 

- $y_i$ : Dependent Variable  $\rightarrow$  Energy Consumption
- $x_1$  : Independent Variable  $\rightarrow$  Population
- $x_2$  : Independent Variable  $\rightarrow$  GDP
- $\beta$ : Regression Coefficient.

## Results



- Model shows negative Correlation with Population !!!
- Low energy prices stimulate the energy consumption.
- EU consumption Pattern is opposite to the rest of World.



## Results



- Positive Correlation with GDP but model shows insignificant relationship P-Value > 0.05
- Low energy prices stimulate the energy consumption.
- EU consumption Pattern is opposite to the rest of World.



## Results



**GDP** and **Population** 





GDP and Energy

## Conclusion



- Unlike the rest of the world, Energy consumption in EU countries is insignificantly impacted by GDP and population
- Other factors (Regulations, Technologies & High Energy Prices) are probably behind the decrease of energy consumption in EU.
- Low energy prices may change the EU model to match world consumption pattern similar to what happen in 2008 & 2015.

## Recommendations



- Low energy price will trigger demand  $\rightarrow$  so EU should :
  - Explore more fossil fuel source to reduce the import dependency
  - Promote the renewable energy technologies.
  - Secure conventional energy (fossil fuel) supply from a reliable country.
  - avoid political tension especially with the key energy supplier.
  - Continue to improve the energy efficiency.
  - Impose optimum carbon tax strategy without impact the main human necessities.



# Thank You